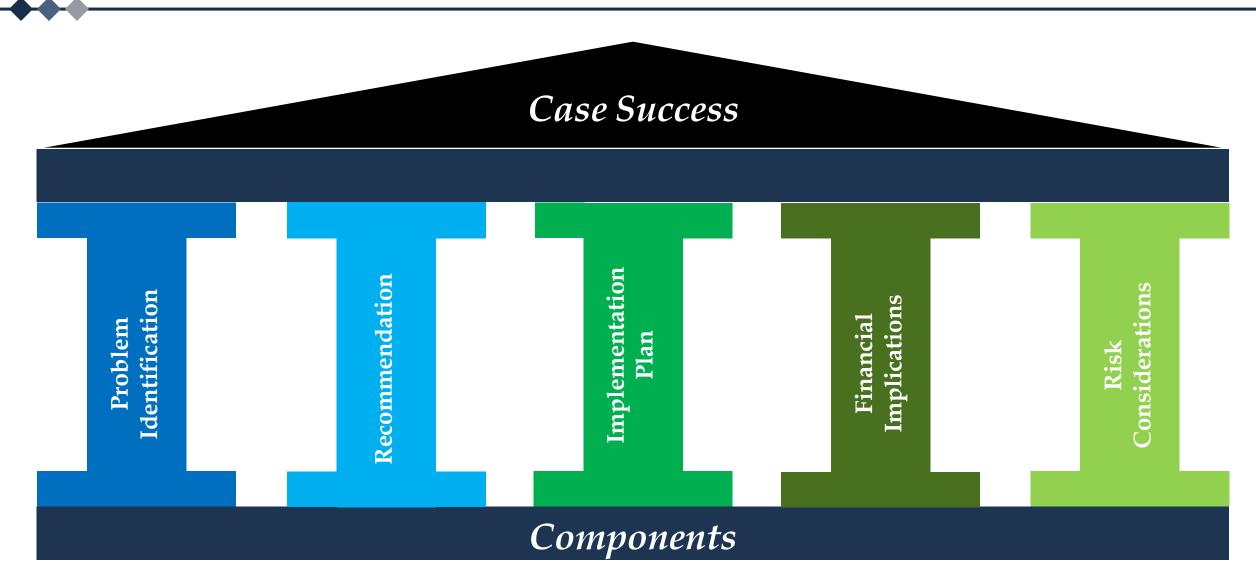


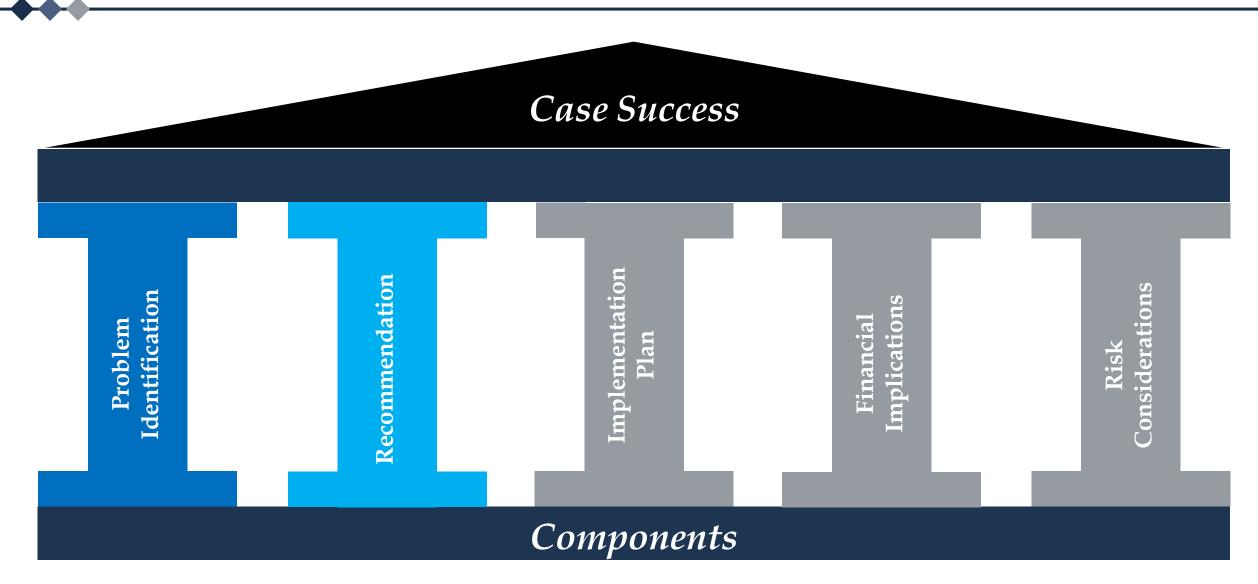
#### **Case Components**





#### **Case Components**













**Identifying Key Issues** 



**Building Recommendations** 



# **Breaking Down a Case**





Read over case twice

First readthrough is for context and familiarity Second time is in-depth; look for numbers, questions, and trends

Company and Industry Analysis will often give most context

#### Early Team Meetings

Develop a Game-plan

Compare findings from prior case-readthroughs

Highlight surface issues, drill deeper to find key issues & root causes

Brainstorm
plausible
solutions to
correct these
issues

### Recognizing the Case's Scope



Narrow Scope Case asks a specific question or is looking to push in a certain direction

Analysts have less freedom; must stick to the path of the case to succeed

Research is needed to differentiate from other teams and find creativity within structure

Broad Scope Case asks a series of questions that can all be answered in equal depth

Often encourages more creativity and gives analysts freedom to choose Prioritize issues believed to be key, and dig deeper to narrow the scope

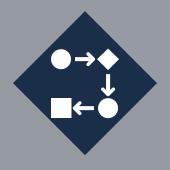
# **Identifying Key Issues**



#### You *must* identify the problems **before** creating recommendations



Issues can come from within the company itself, or come externally from shifting industry trends or actions of competitors



Use methods such as the 5 Whys or the Root-Cause Analysis to get from the surface to the core of the issues at hand



Piece together information provided in the case with outside research to see where the company struggles and why they are struggling

## **Building Your Fact-base**



Company Specific Company Values, Mission Statement
Recent Financial Performance
Management/Ownership Changes & Corporate Governance
Consolidations, Acquisitions, Divestitures

Industry Specific Key Competitors – Performance, Strategy Changes Trends within Industry (Automation, E-Commerce) New Regulations and other "Current" Events Important Metrics and Benchmarks (RevPAR, RevPAS, BPD)

General Information

Current Economic Trends (Disposable Income, Consumer Spending) Geographic restrictions or concerns Legal or Regulatory issues pertaining to industry or country Environmental regulations or initiatives

This information can come from the **case itself** or **external research**. **Research** is essential in *every* component of a case in order to achieve success.

# 5 Whys Method: A Practical Example







Matthew got a speeding ticket on his way to school from his apartment

He was running behind and had to speed to make up the time

He woke up late because he didn't hear his alarm ring

His alarm did not go off at all

The batteries in his alarm were dead

He forgot to replace the batteries in his alarm



Why?



Why?



Why?

# **Solving Key Issues**



The final issue from the previous slide... "He forgot to replace the batteries in his alarm"

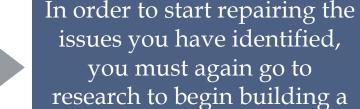


How can he solve this? **Invest in an alarm** that plugs into the wall, or set a schedule to change the batteries every 6 months

If this *root cause* can be eliminated (by a solution such as the one above), then all of the issues that stem from it will also be eliminated. This is known as the *root-cause analysis*.

recommendation

Using a combination of these methods and a vast foundation of information, you will be able to identify what is wrong with the company and what causes it





The recommendations you are providing must be backed in logic in each facet (operational, financial, technological) in order to be a successful solution

## **Building Your Recommendations**



Ideally, there should be be **three** recommendations that aim to cover the issues previously outlined. These solutions can each tackle a different issue, or be allotted to the same issue depending on the circumstances.

#### Recommendation Do's:

Make sure that your recommendations address **both** short and long term issues

Align the recommendations with the company's **core values** and **mission** 

Understand **every facet** of what you are recommending – not just buzzwords

Back up your recommendations with **logical** financial estimates and projections

#### Recommendation Don'ts:

Make decisions based on information outside of the case date

Contradict one recommendation with a different recommendation

Tailor your problems to your recommendations

Go against the CEO's vision for the company's future

# Thank You! Questions?



Tuesday September 24

Time: 7:00pm

Room: AA G21

IMPLEMENTATION AND RISKS WORKSHOP Wednesday
September 25

Time: 7:00pm

Room: UU 103

CASE FINANCIALS WORKSHOP Wednesday
October 2

Time: 7:00pm

Room: UU 103

POWERPOINT WORKSHOP

Thursday
October 3

Time: 7:30pm

Room: LH 12

PUBLIC SPEAKING WORKSHOP

